| UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT   |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK   |                                |
| SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,  | X<br>:<br>:                    |
| Plaintiff,   | :                              |
| -V-  | :                              |
| PLATINUM MANAGEMENT (NY) LLC; PLATINUM CREDIT MANAGEMENT, L.P.; MARK NORDLICHT; DAVID LEVY; DANIEL SMALL; URI LANDESMAN; JOSEPH MANN; JOSEPH SANFILIPPO; and JEFFREY SHULSE, | No. 16-CV-6848 (BMC) : : : : : |
| Defendants.  | :                              |
|  | :<br>X                         |

# EIGHTEENTH JOINT INTERIM APPLICATION OF THE RECEIVER AND OTTERBOURG P.C. FOR ALLOWANCE OF COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES INCURRED DURING THE PERIOD OCTOBER 1, 2021 THROUGH AND INCLUDING DECEMBER 31, 2021

Melanie L. Cyganowski, the receiver (the "Receiver") for Platinum Credit Management, L.P., Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Master Fund LP, Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund (TE) LLC, Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund LLC, Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund (BL) LLC, Platinum Liquid Opportunity Management (NY) LLC, Platinum Partners Liquid Opportunity Fund (USA) L.P., Platinum Partners Liquid Opportunity Master Fund L.P., Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund International Ltd and Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund International (A) Ltd. (collectively, the "Receivership Entities," the "Platinum Entities" or "Platinum"), and Otterbourg P.C., as counsel to the Receiver ("Otterbourg" and, together with the Receiver, "Applicants"), hereby submit this Eighteenth Joint Interim Application (the "Eighteenth Interim Application") for Allowance of

Compensation and Reimbursement of Expenses Incurred During the Period from October 1, 2021 through and including December 31, 2021 (the "Application Period"). There are two components to this Application: (i) the Receiver's services and (ii) the services of her counsel (Otterbourg). The Receiver requests interim approval of fees in the amount of \$22,128.80 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$27.10 for the Application Period. Otterbourg requests interim approval of fees in the amount of \$680,080.50 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$11,925.27 for the Application Period, for a combined total of fees for Applicants in the amount of \$702,209.30, and expenses in the amount of \$11,952.37 for the Application Period.

This Eighteenth Interim Application contains the following sections:

**Section I** provides a preliminary statement of the Receiver's activities during the Application Period.

**Section II** summarizes the background of the receivership and also contains case status information required by Section C.2 of the Billing Instructions for Receivers in Civil Actions Commenced by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC Billing Guidelines"). Section II also describes the procedures used by Otterbourg in compiling its billing records and provides other information as requested by the SEC Billing Guidelines, including a description

As agreed to by the Receiver, this total amount reflects several accommodations voluntarily made by Applicants: (1) a public service accommodation of a twenty percent (20%) reduction in the Receiver's recorded time charges; (2) a ten percent (10%) reduction in Otterbourg's recorded time charges for all project code categories except for any related to certain litigation matters (the previously resolved Beechwood Action and a previously resolved arbitration proceeding), for which Applicants have agreed to a twenty-five percent (25%) reduction in Otterbourg's time charges (none were incurred during this Application Period), subject to Applicants requesting partial repayment of such reduction later in the case; and (3) a reduction in the Receiver's aggregate fees (prior to application of the public service accommodation) to discount for the customary annual increases in her billable rate since her appointment. Therefore, during the Application Period, the Receiver's recorded time charges before application of these accommodations were \$40,866.00 and Otterbourg's recorded time charges were \$755,645.00, for a combined gross legal fees total (before the application of any accommodations) of \$796,511.00.

of each exhibit to this Eighteenth Interim Application and the reduction in fees agreed to in connection with the appointment of the Receiver.

**Section III** contains a narrative description of the work Otterbourg professionals performed on behalf of the Receiver during the Application Period, under each project category, in accordance with Section D of the SEC Billing Guidelines. All such categories correspond with the SEC's Billing Guidelines.

**Section IV** contains a summary of all expenses for which Applicants seek reimbursement and the procedures and policies adopted by Applicants to ensure compliance with Section E of the SEC Billing Guidelines.

**Section V** briefly summarizes the standards to be applied by the Court in determining fee awards in SEC receivership cases.

#### I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

During the Application Period, the Receiver and her team<sup>2</sup> (i) addressed objections to the Receiver's determinations regarding claims filed in the receivership case (the "Receivership") and filed an omnibus objection to certain of the remaining unresolved claim objections (primarily those seeking indemnification); (ii) worked with investors to reconcile any differences regarding the Receivership's record of investors' holdings; (iii) monitored and exercised rights as a creditor in the personal bankruptcy case of one of Platinum's founders and former co-chief investment officer, Mark Nordlicht ("Nordlicht"), including the pursuit of the objection to discharge action filed by the Receiver against Nordlicht; (iv) finalized the settlement of the litigation commenced by the Receiver to enforce her interests with respect to the Receivership's interests in Decision Diagnostics; and (v) addressed inter-estate issues between the Receivership

To assist her with her duties, the Receiver retained, with the approval of the Court (on July 21, 2017), Otterbourg as her legal counsel [Dkt. no. 231] and Goldin, a Teneo Company as her financial advisor [Dkt. no. 232] ("Teneo" (f/k/a Goldin) and, together with Otterbourg, the "Receivership Team").

Entities and the joint liquidators for Platinum Partners Value Arbitrage Fund L.P. (together with its feeder funds, "PPVA" or "PPVA Funds") regarding common assets and the resolution of inter-estate claims.

As previously reported, certain of the settlements that the Receiver reached during the course of the Receivership are confidential. To preserve the confidentiality of these settlements, the Receiver advised that she would not and will not be disclosing details of *any* settlements, including the identity of the settling parties, the amounts agreed to be paid by such parties, whether such amounts are to be paid in structured payouts and over what period of time, and/or the source of any litigation-related funds received in any quarter, unless such details are matters of public record by virtue of a motion for Court approval of such settlement or otherwise.

### A. Analysis and Disposition of Receivership Assets

During the Application Period, the Receivership received \$13,283. This is in addition to the approximately \$87 million received by the Receivership since the date of the Receiver's appointment. Certain parties have asserted secured or senior claims to all or part of the proceeds of such liquidated investments, most of which have been resolved pursuant to the settlement in the litigation with Beechwood or the agreement with Heartland Bank.

There are currently a few remaining assets that the Receiver continues to monitor, including assets in which the Receiver retained a residual interest and assets that are jointly held with PPVA that have potential value, but do not require outlays of capital to maintain. The Receiver periodically is called upon to address certain post-closing matters with respect to certain assets that were previously sold as well as to respond to various requests for documents and/or information. In addition, during the Application Period, the Receiver sought to finalize the

resolution of a litigation that she previously commenced to enforce her rights with respect to the Decision Diagnostics investment, as described further below.

A description of the investments in which Applicants dedicated significant time during the Application Period and the work done with respect to those investments is set forth in Section IV of this Eighteenth Interim Application.

### **B.** Administrative Matters

During the Application Period, the Receiver and the Receivership Team continued to speak with various interested parties and groups, including the joint liquidators for PPVA,<sup>3</sup> the SEC and Platinum investors and creditors. The Receiver also responded to certain document requests made by third parties. The Receiver updates the Receiver's website with key documents, answers to frequently asked questions and status reports to investors. The Receivership Team also filed and responded to other applications made before the Court and in other court proceedings involving Platinum, including with respect to the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case (defined below).

### II. CASE BACKGROUND AND STATUS

### A. Case Background

### SEC Complaint

On December 19, 2016, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") filed its Complaint (the "SEC Complaint") against individual defendants Nordlicht, David Levy ("Levy"), Daniel Small, Uri Landesman,<sup>4</sup> Joseph Mann, Joseph SanFilippo

PPVA is the subject of insolvency proceedings pending in the Cayman Islands and a Chapter 15 bankruptcy proceeding in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York.

Uri Landesman passed away in September 2018.

("SanFilippo"), Jeffrey Shulse, and both Platinum Management (NY) LLC and Platinum Credit Management, L.P. (collectively, the "<u>Defendants</u>").

The SEC Complaint alleged, *inter alia*, that the Defendants conducted a fraudulent scheme to inflate asset values and illicitly moved investor money to cover losses and liquidity problems. This was an allegedly multi-pronged fraud perpetrated by Platinum Management (NY) LLC and Platinum Credit Management, L.P., the managers of PPVA and Platinum Credit Opportunities Master Fund L.P. (together with its feeder funds, "PPCO"), respectively, involving multiple individuals led by Nordlicht, the founder of the Platinum Entities and the Co-Chief Investment Officer of PPVA and PPCO. The SEC further alleged that Nordlicht and the managers of the Platinum Entities overstated the value of an oil company (Black Elk Offshore Operations LLC) that was among the funds' largest assets, and that they concealed a growing liquidity crisis by transferring money between the funds, making redemptions to favored investors and using misrepresentations to attract new investors to the struggling funds.

In a parallel action, the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York brought criminal charges against Nordlicht and the individual Defendants. Following the criminal trial of Nordlicht, Levy and SanFilippo, the jury returned a verdict convicting Nordlicht and Levy of defrauding bondholders in portfolio company Black Elk Offshore Operations LLC, but acquitting each of them on the remaining charges. SanFilippo was acquitted on all counts with which he was charged. The Court thereafter overturned the jury verdict with respect to Levy and ordered a new trial with respect to Nordlicht. The Department of Justice appealed those decisions and on November 5, 2021, the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit vacated the Court's order and remanded to the Court for further proceedings consistent with its decision. Following the decision, Nordlicht and Levy requested that the Second Circuit reconsider its

decision and/or hear the appeal anew *en banc*, which requests were denied on December 29, 2021. As of the date hereof, the trial of Daniel Small is scheduled to commence in July 2022.

Appointment of Receiver and Receivership Order

To prevent further diversion of funds and dissipation of the assets of the Platinum Entities, the SEC sought, *inter alia*, the appointment of a receiver to take control of the Platinum Entities and their assets.

On December 19, 2016, the District Court entered an Order Appointing Receiver, [Dkt. Nos. 6 and 16], which appointed Bart Schwartz as receiver (the "<u>Prior Receiver</u>"). At the time of his appointment, the Prior Receiver was serving as a monitor for the Platinum Entities.

On June 23, 2017, after six months, the Prior Receiver resigned and, upon the recommendation of the SEC, by Order dated July 6, 2017, Melanie L. Cyganowski was appointed as Receiver, effective immediately (*i.e.*, July 6, 2017), and ordered to assume all authority previously held by the Prior Receiver under the current Receivership Order. [Dkt. No. 216]. On October 16, 2017, the Court entered the Second Amended Order Appointing Receiver (the "Receivership Order"). [Dkt. No. 276]. The Court amended the Receivership Order on December 29, 2017 to add the following Cayman Islands entities to the receivership: Platinum Partners Liquid Opportunity Master Fund L.P., Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund International, Ltd. and Platinum Partners Credit Opportunities Fund International (A), Ltd. [Dkt. No. 297].

Under the terms of the Receivership Order, the Receiver is, among other things, required to preserve the *status quo*, ascertain the extent of commingling of funds, ascertain the true financial condition of the Platinum Entities, prevent further dissipation of property and assets of those entities, prevent the encumbrance or disposal of property or assets of the Platinum Entities, preserve the books, records, and documents of the Platinum Entities, be available to respond to

investors' inquiries, protect investors' assets, conduct an orderly wind down, including a responsible disposition of assets and an orderly and fair distribution of those assets, and determine whether one or more of the Receivership Entities should undertake bankruptcy filings.

### B. Case Status<sup>5</sup>

In accordance with Section C.2. of the SEC Billing Guidelines, Applicants state as follows:

(a) As of December 31, 2021, the Receivership Entities had approximately \$19.4 million in funds. Certain parties have claimed an interest in certain sold assets and have asserted claims to a portion of the sale proceeds of such assets (as opposed to a general claim against the Receivership Entities). Other parties have presented documentation which purportedly grant them security interests in all or certain of Platinum's assets. These secured claims were challenged and have been substantially resolved pursuant to settlements in the Beechwood litigation and Heartland Bank settlement.

It is estimated that, as of December 31, 2021, accrued and unpaid administrative expenses amount to approximately \$5.25 million. This amount includes the fees and expenses incurred by the Receiver, Otterbourg and Teneo that were incurred during the Application Period and are the subject of this Eighteenth Interim Application, holdbacks for prior applications of the Receiver, Otterbourg and Teneo and holdbacks to the Prior Receiver's counsel (Cooley) with respect to its interim fee application. In addition to these unpaid administrative expenses, the Receiver paid remaining in-house Platinum staff and other operating expenses during the Application Period.

(b) Cash disbursements during the Application Period totaled \$1,324,698. This amount consisted of (i) \$1,097,922 in professional expenses; and (ii) \$226,775 in business asset

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Receiver and Otterbourg base the information in this section primarily on the Receivership's Standardized Fund Accounting Reports covering the period October 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

expenses (primarily consisting of payroll and related expenses paid to Platinum employees or independent contractors, office rent, and payments to Epiq).

Cash receipts during the Application Period totaled \$13,283, consisting of interest and funds related to a pre-Receivership litigation settlement.

Pursuant to the previously-approved bar date procedures motion [Dkt. No. 453], the bar date to file a proof of claim asserting a claim arising before the Receivership was March 29, 2019 and the bar date for governmental units to file a proof of claim was April 12, 2019. In excess of 300 claims were filed. Parties holding investor claims, claims for unpaid redemptions and unpaid administrative claims were not required to file proofs of claim. A fuller description of the claims reconciliation process is described in Section IV.C below.

The Receiver cannot at this time state what distributions will ultimately be to creditors and investors, as it will in large part be dependent upon the outcome of the claims resolution process.

As of December 31, 2021, the primary assets of the estate ("Receivership Property") consisted of the following:

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$19.4 million;
- (ii) Remaining stock and royalty interests, litigation financing and other miscellaneous investments; and
  - (iii) Potential litigation claims.
- (c) The Receiver and the Receivership Team have analyzed pre-Receivership activities, including transfers made by PPCO and PPLO to other entities and individuals, and the professional services provided by, among others, valuation agents, fund administrators, auditors and legal advisors, to determine if any additional causes of action exist that, on a cost-benefit basis, warrant the commencement of litigation. Where mutual releases were warranted, the

Receiver has sought and obtained such releases. Additionally, during the Application Period, the Receiver continued to engage in conversations with certain of the insiders regarding the allowance or disallowance of their claims, which conversations did not result in a resolution of their claims (see below). Whether and the extent to which the Receiver may commence additional affirmative actions will likely be addressed as part of the proposed plan of distribution and likely reservation of rights.

### III. FEES AND EXPENSES REQUESTED

In connection with the Application Period, the Receiver requests interim approval of her fees in the amount of \$22,128.80 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$27.10. Otterbourg requests interim approval of fees in the amount of \$680,080.50 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$11,925.27. Thus, the combined total of fees for Applicants of \$702,209.30, plus expenses of \$11,952.37, is \$714,161.67.

The Receiver has assembled a team of Otterbourg professionals to prosecute the litigations commenced by the Receiver and to address different investments and different issues that may arise within each investment. The Otterbourg professionals communicate with each other and the other retained professionals regularly, so as to keep others informed of each's activities and avoid duplication of efforts.

The fees requested are determined on the basis of the hours worked by Otterbourg attorneys and paraprofessionals, as well as the Receiver, and the hourly rates in effect at the time the services were rendered, as modified by a public service accommodation, described below. The fees requested also take into account all relevant circumstances and factors as set forth in the New York Lawyer's Rules of Professional Responsibility, as applied to Otterbourg as attorneys, including the nature of the services performed, the amount of time spent, the experience and ability of the lawyers and legal assistants working on this engagement, the novelty and

complexity of the specific issues involved, the time limitations imposed by the circumstances, and the responsibilities undertaken by Applicants.

Pursuant to the public service accommodation applicable to this matter, a 20% accommodation has been applied across the board to the Receiver's recorded time. Furthermore, fees for legal services performed by Otterbourg professionals have been reduced by 10% from the aggregate recorded time charges for all project codes, except for those relating to the previously resolved Beechwood litigation and an arbitration proceeding, for which Applicants have applied a 25% discount to the aggregate recorded time charges, subject to the right of Applicants to request a partial repayment of the discount later in the case. (No fees were billed to these project codes during the Application Period.) In addition, the Receiver has agreed to provide a further discount in an amount that represents the increase in her fees since her appointment. (In accordance, with Otterbourg's regular practice, its hourly rates are reviewed and potentially increased on October 1st of each year.)

Pursuant to the public service and rate increase accommodations described above, the recorded time charges for the Receiver have been reduced from \$40,866.00 to \$22,128.80, a reduction in the amount of \$18,737.20. Moreover, the recorded time charges for the Otterbourg professionals have been reduced from \$755,645.00 to \$680,080.50, a reduction in the amount of \$75,564.50. Therefore, the total reduction for fees incurred during the Application Period by the Receiver and Otterbourg professionals is \$94,301.70. This does not include other voluntary reductions in the work recorded with respect to certain matters, which are taken in connection with Applicant's customary review of its recorded time detail.

All non-working travel time is billed at half of the amount of the actual non-working travel time of the professional. There was no travel time during the Application Period.

In addition, as required by the SEC Billing Guidelines, the Receiver and Otterbourg submitted Applicants' time detail to the SEC for its review.

This Eighteenth Interim Application includes certain exhibits:

- (a) The SFAR for the period of October 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 is attached as **Exhibit A** hereto.
- (b) A Fee Schedule showing the total fees billed and hours worked during the Application Period by the Receiver and each Otterbourg professional, along with the billing rates of each such professional, is attached as **Exhibit B** hereto.
- (c) In accordance with Section D.3.c of the SEC Billing Guidelines, a summary reflecting the total fees billed and the hours worked by the Receiver and each professional organized by project category, including a chart showing the amounts being requested after application of the accommodations discussed above, is attached as **Exhibit C** hereto.
- (d) In accordance with the Section D.5 of the SEC Billing Guidelines, the time records of the Receiver and the Otterbourg professionals for the Application Period, arranged in chronological order within each activity category, are attached as **Exhibits D** and **E**, respectively, hereto.
- (e) In accordance with Section E.1.a. of the SEC Billing Guidelines, a summary of all expenses for which Applicants seek reimbursement organized by expense category is attached as **Exhibit F** hereto.
- (f) In accordance with Section E.1.a. of the SEC Billing Guidelines, the expense records of the Receiver and Otterbourg for the Application Period, arranged in chronological order, are attached as **Exhibits G and H** hereto.

(g) Also submitted herewith as **Exhibit I** is the Certification required by Section A.1 of the SEC Billing Guidelines.

This is the Receiver and Otterbourg's Eighteenth request for fees and expenses in this case. Otterbourg received no retainer in this case and the Receivership Order limits the Receiver and Otterbourg to obtaining compensation solely from the Receivership Estate.

The Receivership Order permits the Receiver and her advisors to be paid on a quarterly basis. In accordance with the SEC Billing Guidelines, and as noted above, the Receiver and Otterbourg submitted its time records for the Eighteenth Interim Application to SEC counsel prior to filing the Application with the Court, and SEC counsel has reviewed such time records and fee and expenses being requested pursuant to this Application

The Receiver and Otterbourg professionals recorded all services performed in time increments of one tenth (0.1) of an hour. All services by Otterbourg paralegals and other paraprofessionals were professional in nature and, if not performed by the indicated paraprofessionals, would have been performed by attorneys.

Six attorneys and two paraprofessionals billed time during the Application Period (in addition to the Receiver). Because of the diversity of issues confronting the Receiver, this case necessitated the involvement of attorneys with background and experience in the multitude of litigation and transactional disciplines relevant to this receivership. In addition, while several senior attorneys were utilized, each brought different expertise to the engagement and was the primary responsible party on different tasks.

The particular Otterbourg professionals who billed time during the Application Period and their specific roles were as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Receiver has requested that Otterbourg voluntarily not bill the time of any professional that billed less than fifteen (15) hours to the case during the Application Period. Accordingly, other attorneys and paraprofessionals may have worked on the matter, but payment for their time is not being requested and is not reflected in the time detail.

- Etik B. Weinick (Partner) (11.2 Hours to P01; 17.2 Hours to P02; 116.8 Hours to P04; 224.3 Hours to P05) Mr. Weinick is a senior litigator and is also a member of Otterbourg's bankruptcy department. He has served as the Receiver's "hub and spoke," coordinating the work of the Receiver's professionals and Platinum's Chief Financial Officer on almost every matter confronting the Receivership from asset dispositions, to litigation matters, and administrative matters, including responding to investor inquiries, preparing or reviewing documents filed in this case, and communicating with counsel for the joint liquidators of PPVA on matters of mutual interest, including the resolution of issues between the estates. Mr. Weinick is also part of the team reviewing objections to claims (particularly those seeking indemnification for the legal fees they incurred in connection with the criminal charges they faced), preparing a Claims Motion (defined below), which seeks an order from the Court regarding the remaining claims objections for which no resolution was reached, as well as spearheading matters relating to the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case.
- (b) Philip C. Berg (Partner) (1.4 Hours to P01; 12.5 Hours to P02; 3.8 Hours to P04)

   Mr. Berg is a partner in the firm's corporate department and specializes in negotiation and documentation of asset sales and other transactions. During the Application Period, Mr. Berg was primarily involved with monitoring the China Horizon/Yellow River asset and assessing possible disposition options. Mr. Berg also assisted in the preparation of certain ancillary documents related to the settlement of the Decision Diagnostics matter.
- (c) <u>Jennifer S. Feeney (Of Counsel) (2.1 Hours to P01; 16.8 Hours to P04; 14.3</u>

  <u>Hours to P05)</u> Ms. Feeney is a senior member of Otterbourg's bankruptcy department. During the Application Period, Ms. Feeney attended to case administration matters, including preparing the Receiver's quarterly report and updating other reports regarding the status of asset

dispositions. Ms. Feeney is also involved in the claims review, objection and settlement process. Additionally, Ms. Feeney, along with Erik Weinick, worked to keep the Receiver apprised of all activities being undertaken by the Receivership Team.

- (d) Andrew S. Halpern (Associate) (26.7 Hours to P01; 118.6 Hours to P04; 105.9 Hours to P05) Mr. Halpern is an experienced litigator who has assisted the Receiver in almost all litigation matters during the course of the Receivership. During the Application Period, Mr. Halpern primarily worked on matters related to the indemnification claims objection, the Receiver's objection to discharge complaint and the amendment to the complaint filed in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case. Mr. Halpern also is one of the leads with respect to the Decision Diagnostics matter and was principally responsible during the Application Period for negotiating and drafting the settlement documents with respect to this matter, while simultaneously preparing and filing pleadings in the litigation prior to finalizing the settlement.
- (e) <u>Michael Pantzer (Associate) (89.6 Hours to P04; 190.7 Hours to P05)</u> Mr. Pantzer is a junior associate in the bankruptcy department. Mr. Pantzer, at a lower billing rate, was one of the primary team members to review claims and respond to objections to the Receiver's determinations, especially with respect to those claimants seeking indemnification for their legal fees incurred in connection with the criminal charges they faced. During the Application Period, Mr. Pantzer also assisted with the preparation of the Claims Motion and with the drafting of certain motion practice in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case regarding the objection to discharge.
- (f) <u>Daniel McCarthy (Associate) (1.5 Hours to P04; 50.0 Hours to P05)</u> Mr. McCarthy is a junior associate in the litigation department. Mr. McCarthy, at a lower billing

rate, assisted with the Claims Motion, including conducting legal research, as well as other motions which were filed after the Application Period.

- (g) <u>Christine O'Brien (Paralegal)</u> (17.9 Hours to P05)- Ms. O'Brien is a senior paralegal and assisted during the Application Period with assembling a significant number of supporting documents that were filed in connection with the Claims Motion.
- (h) <u>Jessica Hildebrandt (Paralegal) (2.4 Hours to P01; 21.6 Hours to P04; 13.2 Hours to P05)</u> Ms. Hildebrandt is a paralegal and monitors proceedings outside of the Receivership, including the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case, the criminal appeal and any matters for which the Receivership may have a residual interest. Ms. Hildebrandt also assists with updates to the Receiver's website and other administrative matters of the Receivership.

# IV. SERVICES RENDERED BY RECEIVER AND OTTERBOURG DURING APPLICATION PERIOD

In accordance with Section D.3 of the SEC Billing Guidelines, Applicants segregated their time during the Application Period into four (4) project categories.<sup>7</sup> Narrative summaries of these activity categories follow:

# A. <u>Asset Analysis and Recovery (P01)</u> - Total Fees: \$41,728.50 <u>Asset Disposition (P02)</u><sup>8</sup> - Total Fees: \$27,144.00

Below is an overview of certain assets in which the Receiver and the Receivership Team have dedicated time during the Application Period. Included in the time billed during the Application Period are regular conferences with working groups of Otterbourg attorneys and memoranda prepared for the Receiver to enable her to analyze the assets at issue and make decisions with respect to those assets. Certain additional assets continue to be monitored for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> As noted above, **Exhibit C** hereto shows each professional working on a particular project category and the total hours he or she billed in that category prior to the agreed-upon reduction to the aggregate recorded time charges. The fees for each activity category are stated herein *without* showing the agreed upon reductions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Because of the symbiotic nature of these two project categories, Applicants are describing the work done with respect to each in a combined narrative to allow the reader to better understand the tasks performed.

potential future value, including assets that are jointly held with PPVA or for which the Receivership has a potential residual interest. Applicants also addressed post-closing issues that periodically arise in connection with prior sales of assets. The below summaries include a brief description of the nature of the investment, work performed, and status.

Diagnostics"), a company that describes itself on its website as "a leading manufacturer of low cost home testing devices and test strips for use with legacy meters." Despite that description, Decision Diagnostics announced in March 2020 that it had developed a COVID-19 test, causing its publicly-traded stock to jump in price and the SEC to institute a suspension in trading. On December 17, 2020, the United States Government unsealed an indictment of Decision Diagnostics's CEO, Keith Berman, for securities and other fraud in connection with Decision Diagnostics's purported COVID-19 testing capabilities. That same day, the SEC commenced a civil enforcement action against Decision Diagnostics and Berman related to the same conduct. Decision Diagnostics' stock price is now trading at or near its pre-COVID-19 level.

Alpha Credit Resources LLC ("<u>Alpha Credit</u>"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of PPCO, holds certain common and preferred shares, convertible into common shares, in Decision Diagnostics. According to certain of its financial statements, Decision Diagnostics purported to cancel certain of Alpha Credit's shares in Decision Diagnostics (although Decision Diagnostics has provided any evidence that it actually cancelled those shares). Decision Diagnostics also took active steps to prevent the Receiver from liquidating Alpha Credit's shares, by, among other things, refusing to remove a restrictive legend from Alpha Credit's shares in Decision Diagnostics and refusing to convert Alpha Credit's preferred shares in Decision Diagnostics into common shares. Following Decision Diagnostics's refusal, for years, of the Receiver's repeated

demands to restore, recognize and convert, as applicable, Alpha Credit's shares, on February 19, 2021, the Receiver initiated an action in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York to enforce her rights with respect to the Receivership's holdings in Decision Diagnostics. *See Melanie L. Cyganowski, as Receiver and Agent v. Decision Diagnostics, Inc.*, 2:21-cv-00888. The case was transferred to Judge Cogan.

In connection with the commencement of the litigation, the Receiver also prepared a motion for summary judgment, which it requested permission from the court to file. Parallel with the litigation, the Receiver also engaged in settlement discussions with Decision Diagnostics and reached a settlement in principle, subject to definitive documentation. Decision Diagnostics answered the Complaint on November 8, 2021. Pursuant to a discovery schedule ordered by the Court, the Receiver served document requests and interrogatories on November 22, 2021. The Receiver also filed an Amended Complaint on November 29, 2021. During the Application Period, while the Receiver continued to negotiate certain key terms of the settlement, the Receiver reviewed Decision Diagnostics's answer to the Complaint, prepared the Amended Complaint, prepared requests for interrogatories and the production of documents from Decision Diagnostics, and participated in a status conference with the Court.

Ultimately, at the end of the Application Period, the parties finalized and executed a settlement agreement. The litigation is now concluded.

Applicants took significant voluntary reductions for time spent with respect to litigating this matter and, accordingly, the actual time being requested in connection with the Decision Diagnostics matter during the Application Period is meaningfully less than what was actually recorded.

2. China Horizon/Yellow River - refers to an asset that is jointly held with PPVA through a company called PGS. PGS owns equity and debt interests in China Horizon and Yellow River—two companies created to build a chain of franchised convenience stores in rural China. The promissory note from China Horizon held by PGS has a face value of approximately \$9.0 million and PGS also holds approximately 6.5 million shares of common stock in Yellow River. During the course of the Receivership, the Receiver and the joint liquidators of PPVA periodically received inquiries regarding the sale of PGS's and PPVA's collective interests in the China Horizon notes and the Yellow River equity position. These inquiries, although diligently pursued, never resulted in a firm offer. The Receiver and the Receivership Team continue to actively monitor this asset, including engaging in conversations with Yellow River and other of its advisors, and continue to explore, along with the joint liquidators of PPVA, options for monetizing the asset, if possible. This asset may ultimately add value to the Receivership Estate, although it is still speculative and any amount that may be realized and the timing of such monetization is still in flux and indeterminate. Otterbourg attorneys worked with the Receiver's financial advisor to monitor the asset and assess potential monetization opportunities. Otterbourg attorneys who have billed time to this matter primarily include attorneys with corporate and transactional experience.

### B. <u>Case Administration (P04)</u> - Total Fees: \$292,348.50

This category includes tasks that may not be directly related to a specific investment or transaction, but impact the overall administration of the Receivership Estate, including preparation of the plan of distribution, communications with investors, preparing status reports, negotiating with the joint liquidators of PPVA a resolution of purported claims by and against

each estate, and monitoring and filing appropriate papers in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case. The tasks recorded under this category include the following:

- 1. **PPVA.** Since the Receiver's appointment, she and the Receivership Team have kept in frequent communication with the joint liquidators for the PPVA Master Fund and the PPVA Feeder Fund and/or their staff to discuss issues of mutual interest. PPVA and PPCO have each analyzed and discussed potential claims against the estate of the other stemming from pre-Receivership transactions. Upon the Receiver's appointment, the Receiver and the joint liquidators agreed to hold the resolution of any such purported claims in abeyance during the The Receiver has been engaged in discussions with the joint liquidators of PPVA cases. regarding a resolution of purported claims and remaining assets of mutual interests, including their joint interest in Agera Energy LLC and Agera Holdings, LLC (collectively, "Agera"). A resolution between the two estates is understandably complex, and the parties have taken time to consider a variety of issues. However, during the Application Period, the parties made significant progress towards a resolution and expect to execute the settlement agreement in the The Receiver also continues to monitor the status and progress of the Agera near term. Litigation and the China Horizon/Yellow River asset discussed above, both of which are held jointly with PPVA through PGS.
- 2. **Plan of Distribution**. As previously reported, the timing of distributions may be impacted by, among other things, the resolution of the disputed indemnification claims (for

Agera is a retail energy service company. In June 2016, prior to the receivership, Principal Growth Strategy, LLC ("PGS"), which is owned 55% by PPVA and 45% by PPCO, sold a portion of its interests in Agera to certain entities affiliated and/or associated with Beechwood Re Investments LLC. Pursuant to their respective interests in PGS, both PPVA and PPCO agreed that PGS would pursue certain claims and causes of action relating to its ownership of a certain promissory note convertible into 95% of the common equity of Agera's subsidiary, energy reseller Agera Energy. In connection with such agreement, a complaint was filed in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware on June 7, 2019 against numerous defendants, including AGH Parent LLC, SHIP and CNO (the "Agera Litigation").

which the establishment of reserves may be required if not resolved prior to the approval of a plan of distribution) and the assets available for distribution. The filing of the plan of distribution was put on hold as the Receiver sought to complete the claims reconciliation process, including determination of the priority of distribution asserted by certain creditors. Although the filing of the plan of distribution has been temporarily put on hold, during the Application Period, the Receivership Team continued to review issues relevant to the plan of distribution, including an analysis of the potential distribution waterfall to creditors and investors of PPCO and PPLO, so that the same may be promptly filed upon determination of the gating issues, such as the indemnification claims.

3. Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case. Nordlicht filed a Chapter 7 bankruptcy petition on June 29, 2020 in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The case was assigned to Judge Robert D. Drain and assigned Case No. 20-22782-rdd (the "Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case"). The Receiver has been monitoring and exercising rights as a creditor in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case. The Receiver previously filed a proof of claim on behalf of PPCO in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case, asserting a claim in the amount of not less than \$219 million. The claim is subject to review and objection by the Chapter 7 Trustee. It is uncertain, even if allowed in whole or in part, what recovery, if any, may be available from the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case, which currently has extensive claims filed against it and has limited disclosed assets with which to satisfy those claims. Nordlicht previously filed a proof of claim against the Receivership Estate. That claim is now the property of Nordlicht's bankruptcy estate and is under the control of the Chapter 7 Trustee to pursue. The Receiver continues to regularly engage in discussions with the Chapter 7 Trustee with respect to, among other things, resolution of the claims held by each against the other's estate.

Additionally, following Nordlicht's refusal to continue to toll the Receiver's time to do so, to protect and preserve estate assets and causes of action that can be asserted by creditors against Nordlicht, the Receiver filed a complaint objecting to the discharge of Nordlicht (the "Discharge Complaint"). The Discharge Complaint, alleges, among other things, that Nordlicht knowingly and fraudulently made a false oath in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case by failing to list significant assets and financial transactions in his bankruptcy schedules, and concealed his property with the intent to hinder, delay, or defraud his creditors.

Following motion practice and decisions of the Bankruptcy Court and this Court, the Receiver prepared and filed a Motion for Leave to Amend the Discharge Complaint (the "Motion to Amend") and drafted a proposed Amended Complaint (the "Amended Complaint"). The Motion to Amend was filed with the Bankruptcy Court on August 24, 2021. Although the Amended Complaint tracked the advice of the Bankruptcy Court regarding how to amend the complaint to address any initial infirmities, Nordlicht nonetheless filed an Objection to the Motion to Amend on September 30, 2021. During the Application Period, the Receiver's counsel prepared and filed a Reply Memorandum in support of the Motion to Amend. The Receiver also engaged in pre-trial meet and confer conferences and drafted a proposed pre-trial order. The Motion to Amend was heard on October 27, 2021 and the Bankruptcy Court granted the Receiver leave to file her proposed Amended Complaint with a minor modification. Nordlicht then answered the Amended Complaint and asserted a counterclaim essentially seeking dismissal of the Receiver's Proof of Claim. The parties have exchanged discovery requests and the Receiver has begun producing documents.

If the Receiver is successful in the Discharge Complaint, the Receiver, and other creditors of Nordlicht, will be able to continue to assert claims against Nordlicht, and his assets,

post-bankruptcy and will not be limited to a recovery from the assets of his bankruptcy estate. Further, as to claims asserted against the Receivership Estate for which Nordlicht and a Receivership Entity have alleged co-liability, a creditor's ability to continue to recover against Nordlicht, if successful, may reduce the claims such creditor has asserted against the Receivership.

During the Application Period, Applicants spent time preparing the Motion to Amend and drafting the Amended Complaint and preparing for and attending a discovery conference with the Bankruptcy Court and commencing the discovery process. Attorneys with bankruptcy and litigation experience primarily worked on this matter.

4. Obsolete Document Disposal. To reduce overhead expenses, the Receivership Team examined its document retention platforms, for which it pays regular fees, to reduce the amount of estate expenses. Following such review, on October 6, 2021, the Receiver filed a Motion for Authority to Discontinue the Preservation of Certain Receivership Estate Electronic and Hardcopy Records [Dkt. No. 590] (the "Obsolete Document Disposal Motion"). As set forth in the Obsolete Document Disposal Motion, since her appointment, the Receiver has maintained the integrity of the Receivership Entities' books and records (in both hard copy and electronic form). At this point in the Receivership, however, the Receiver determined in her business judgment, and in consultation with the Receivership Team, that the cost and risk of maintaining all of these books and records exceeded the benefit.

As a result, in the Obsolete Document Disposal Motion, the Receiver sought authority to dispose of certain obsolete and/or duplicative hardcopy and electronic material. Specifically, the Receiver sought to destroy approximately 460 boxes of pre-Receivership hardcopy documents and permanently delete and/or destroy certain electronic data and related media (collectively, the

"Obsolete Materials"). The Obsolete Materials are either no longer necessary for the administration of the Receivership Estate and/or are duplicative of other information that will continue to be maintained on behalf of the Receivership Estate. All other documents, data and related media, including, but not limited to, the post-Receivership materials, will continue to be maintained in accordance with the Receivership Order, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

The Court entered an order approving the Obsolete Document Disposal Motion on October 22, 2021. [Dkt. No. 593] Disposal of the Obsolete Materials will reduce the administrative costs associated with the continued preservation and maintenance of the Obsolete Materials, which are presently in the estimated amounts of \$32,000 per year and \$160,000 over five years. By comparison, the one-time cost to destroy the Obsolete Materials is approximately \$9,400, which would translate into a potential savings of \$22,600 per year and \$150,600 over five years. Prior to filing the Obsolete Document Disposal Motion, any parties with an interest were offered an opportunity to inspect the hardcopy materials Following entry of the order, Otterbourg responded to numerous inquiries and requests regarding the Obsolete Materials, and as of the date of this Application, the Receiver is only continuing to maintain Obsolete Materials if a party has agreed to reimburse the Receiver for any associated expense.

5. Entity Dissolution. Prior to the Receivership, the Platinum Entities formed multiple special purpose vehicles (the "Subsidiaries") to engage in investment transactions with counterparties. These Subsidiaries are majority or wholly owned by PPCO or PPLO. These Subsidiaries are registered in Delaware and are required to pay annual franchise taxes and file paperwork with the state of Delaware. In preparation for the wind down of the estates, and as authorized by the Receivership Order, the Receiver with the assistance of Platinum's Chief Financial Officer periodically reviews the remaining Subsidiaries to identify Subsidiaries that no

longer hold any assets. Certain of the Subsidiaries have already been dissolved and other Subsidiaries are in the process of being dissolved. The dissolution of these Subsidiaries and the elimination of Delaware franchise taxes and filing fees associated therewith, is most beneficial to the Receivership. Although this matter was primarily handled by Platinum's Chief Financial Officer, Otterbourg attorneys assisted with the review and report to the Receiver.

- 6. Website and Investor Communications. The Receiver retained Epiq to create and maintain the Receiver's website (www.PlatinumReceivership.com) and provide other services to the estate, including official communications with stakeholders. This website provides investors and other interested parties with, among other things, periodic status reports, access to court documents and answers to frequently asked questions. The Receiver revises the website as necessary to update the "Frequently Asked Questions" section and to add "key documents." The website allows interested parties to sign up to receive daily notices whenever there are new filings on the Receivership docket. The Receiver and the Receivership Team have attempted to respond to investor inquiries and continue to regularly respond and react to inquiries and requests for information.
- 7. **SEC Meetings.** The Receiver communicates with SEC staff to keep them apprised of ongoing matters as to which SEC input is appropriate, to alert them to certain filings by the Receiver and to keep the SEC apprised of the status of the claims process and wind down of the estate. The Receiver and the Receivership Team also have periodic communications with SEC personnel about pending matters before the Court and in the Nordlicht Bankruptcy Case for which SEC input was appropriate.

- 8. <u>Criminal Trial</u>. Applicants continue to monitor the criminal proceedings of the Defendants. The description of the status of the criminal trials and the appeal is discussed in Section II.A above.
- 9. Receivership Estate Oversight and General Case Administration. The Receiver and the Receivership Team also devoted time during the Application Period to the general oversight of the Platinum Entities and the estate. Conferences with the Receiver and members of the Receivership Team, via conference call or videoconference, occurred on a regular basis to facilitate the exchange of relevant information, including the status of certain assets being monitored, the claims process, the plan of distribution and other administrative matters. The Receiver maintained direct oversight over all legal and financial-related work being done by her Receivership Team. Otterbourg attorneys assisted the Receiver, along with assistance from Platinum's Chief Financial Officer and Teneo, in analyzing budget, cash management and other administrative issues of the Receivership estate. Otterbourg attorneys also responded to third party subpoenas and requests for documents during the Application Period.

## C. Claims Review (P05) – Total Fees: <u>\$435,290.00</u>

During the Application Period, the Receivership Team's primary focus was on analyzing claims and related documents.

### 1. Review of Claims

In accordance with the Order approving the procedures to reconcile claims and verify interests, entered on December 1, 2020 (the "Claims Procedures and Verification Order") [Dkt. No. 554], Platinum's CFO and the Receivership Team engaged in an extensive review of each of the filed claims, analyzed the documents provided in support of each claim, compared the claims

to Platinum's books and researched legal issues when necessary. Following this review, on March 9, 2021, the Receiver filed a Notice of Receiver's Claims Analysis Report (the "Claims Report"), which set forth her determinations with respect to each of the claims. [Dkt. No. 564] Certain claims were allowed as filed or pursuant to previously reached settlements, others disallowed in total, and others partially allowed. The Claims Report provides the basis for the disallowance or partial disallowance for each of the claims, as applicable.

Claimants had until April 23, 2021 (unless an extension was mutually agreed upon in writing) to object to the Receiver's determinations in the Claims Report. Thirteen claimants, asserting multiple claims, objected to the Receiver's determinations in the Claims Report. In prior quarters, continuing through the Application Period, the Receivership Team reached out to each of the claimants that objected to the claim determinations and engaged in discussions to reconcile the claims. Certain of these discussions resulted in consensual resolutions or the withdrawal of claims, including one resolution reached following a formal mediation.

With respect to certain claim objections for which no resolution was reached, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Claims Procedures and Verification Order, on November 12, 2021, the Receiver filed an Omnibus Motion to Confirm Receiver's Determinations [Dkt. Nos. 597] (the "Claims Motion"). On November 13, 2021, Applicants filed declarations in support of the Claims Motion [Dkt. Nos. 598-599]. An amended memorandum of law in support of the Claims Motion was filed on November 23, 2021. [Dkt. Nos. 602-603]. Opposition to the Claims Motion was filed on December 13, 2021 [Dkt Nos. 609-614]; the Receiver filed her Reply in support of the Claims Motion on December 28, 2021 [Dkt. No. 617]; and Levy and his counsel filed a sur-reply on January 14, 2021 [Dkt. Nos. 619-620]. There are certain claims issues, such as the assertion of priority, which could significantly

impact the distribution, if any, to be made to creditors and investors. Accordingly, the Receiver determined that it was important for certain claims issues to be resolved prior to presenting a plan of distribution to the court.

### 2. Review of Investor Interests

In accordance with the Claims Procedures and Verification Order, investors in PPCO, including unpaid redeemers, received a letter that contains information regarding that investor's equity interest in one or more Receivership Entities (the "PPCO Investor Statement"). The PPCO Investor Statement sets forth the amounts invested in one or more Receivership Entities and the amounts previously received as distributions on account of the investor's equity interest, all as reflected in the books and records of the Receivership Entities. Investors had an opportunity to review the information provided and to refute the information, but solely on the basis that the books and records of the Receivership Entities are inaccurate, which must be supported by documentation from the investor. During the Application Period, the Receivership Team continued to reconcile the responses received from the PPCO investors. Also during the Application Period, the Receivership Team coordinated with Cayman counsel regarding the process to reconcile the claims of the limited partners in Platinum Partners Liquid Opportunity Master Fund L.P., and its feeder funds and sent letters to the PPLO investors to confirm their investment holdings.

Otterbourg attorneys in the litigation and bankruptcy departments primarily billed time to claims matters.

### V. EXPLANATION OF EXPENSES AND RELATED POLICIES

Applicants seek reimbursement of its out-of-pocket costs in the amount of \$11,952.37. **Exhibit F** sets forth the various categories of expenses for which the Receiver and Otterbourg seek reimbursement. Applicants will retain the documentation supporting these expenses for a

period of seven years in accordance with the SEC Billing Guidelines and will provide the SEC with copies upon request.

Applicants observed the following policies in connection with its expenses during the Application Period:

- (a) In accordance with Section E.2.b. of the SEC Billing Guidelines, Applicants seek reimbursement for photocopying and laser printing expenses performed in-house (listed as Photocopies and Laser Copies in **Exhibit F**) at a rate of \$.15 per page. Otterbourg made 2,288 internal laser copies and photocopies during the Application Period at the rate of 0.15 cents per page, totaling \$343.20 for all in-house copies.
- (b) In accordance with Section E.2.g., Applicant would normally seek reimbursement of outgoing facsimile charges at a rate of \$1.00 per page for outgoing transmissions. However, Otterbourg did not make any outgoing facsimile transmissions during the Application Period. Similarly, Otterbourg has not received any incoming facsimile transmissions, nor would it seek to charge anything for them.
- (c) With respect to all expenses, Applicants seek reimbursement only for the actual cost of its filing and court reporting fees, postage and overnight delivery fees and long distance telephone charges. Applicants have not included in any request for expense reimbursement the amortization of the cost of any investment, equipment or capital outlay (except to the extent that any such amortization is included within the permitted allowable amounts set forth in the SEC Billing Guidelines). Whenever possible, Applicants have used email to transmit documents via portable document format, thereby reducing facsimile, overnight courier and copying costs otherwise chargeable to the Receivership Estate.

- (d) In accordance with Section E.2.h of the SEC Billing Guidelines, Applicants have charged for computerized research only to the extent of the actual discounted invoiced cost of its vendor, Westlaw.
- (e) In accordance with Section E.2.j. of the SEC Billing Guidelines, Applicants have neither sought reimbursement for local travel expenses for late night travel home or travel to court (including mileage, taxis, etc.) nor for meals. Applicants did not incur any travel or transportation expenses during the Application Period.
- (f) In accordance with Section E.2.K of the SEC Applicants have not sought reimbursement for secretarial, word processing, proofreading or document preparation expenses (other than by professionals or paraprofessionals), data processing and other staff services (exclusive of paraprofessional services) or clerical overtime.
- (g) The Receiver has created a website to provide updates to investors and other interested parties and to answer frequently asked questions. This service is only charged to the extent of the invoiced cost from the vendor Epiq, which will be billed directly to the Receivership Estate.
- (h) In some instances, cost incurred during a particular application period will not be reflected in Applicants' records until a subsequent application period. Applicants will seek reimbursement for such "trailing" expenses in subsequent fee application periods.

### VI. FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED BY THE COURT IN AWARDING FEES

The case law on equity receiverships sets forth the standards for approving receiver compensation and the fees and expenses for the receiver's counsel. This Court has discretion to determine compensation to be awarded to a court-appointed equity receiver and his or her counsel and "may consider all of the factors involved in a particular receivership in determining an appropriate fee." *Gaskill v. Gordon*, 27 F.3d 248, 253 (7th Cir. 1994). Many authorities

(even if dated) provide "convenient guidelines", but in the final analysis, "the unique fact situation of each case renders direct reliance on precedent impossible." *Securities & Exchange Comm'n v. W.L. Moody & Co.*, 374 F. Supp. 465, 480 (S.D. Tex. 1974), *aff'd sub nom*, 519 F.2d 1087 (5th Cir. 1975).

In allowing counsel fees in Securities Act receiverships, "[t]he court will consider . . . the complexity of problems faced, the benefit to the receivership estate, the quality of work performed, and the time records presented." *Securities & Exchange Comm'n v. Fifth Ave. Coach Lines, Inc.*, 364 F. Supp. 1220, 1222 (S.D.N.Y. 1973); *see also United States v. Code Prods. Corp.*, 362 F.2d 669, 673 (3d Cir. 1966) (court should consider the time, labor and skill required (but not necessarily expended), the fair value of such time, labor and skill, the degree of activity, the dispatch with which the work is conducted and the result obtained). "[R]esults are always relevant." *Securities & Exchange Comm 'n v. Elliott*, 953 F.2d 1560, 1577 (11th Cir. 1992) (quoting *Moody*, 374 F Supp. at 480). However, a good result may take a form other than a bare increase in monetary value. *Id.* ("Even though a receiver may not have increased, or prevented a decrease in, the value of the collateral, if a receiver reasonably and diligently discharges his duties, he is entitled to compensation.").

Another "basic consideration is the nature and complexity of the legal problems confronted and the skill necessary to resolve them." *Moody*, 374 F. Supp. at 485. Moreover, "[t]ime spent cannot be ignored." *Id.* at 483. Another "significant factor ... is the amount of money involved." *Id.* at 486; *see also Gasser v. Infanti Int'l, Inc.*, 358 F. Supp. 2d 176, 182 (E.D.N.Y. 2005) (receiver's legal fees "must be reasonable in light of the services rendered by counsel and the amount of property held in the receivership").

Under these standards, Applicants have adequately demonstrated that the amount of fees requested is appropriate and warranted. Applicants have acted quickly to take control of and monetize the assets of the Platinum Entities and are have sought a determination of the priority and amount of purported indemnification claims, which is important to proceeding with a plan of distribution.

### VII. HOLDBACKS

Earlier in the Receivership, in an effort to preserve assets while the Receiver was actively litigating certain matters, including the removal of the purported blanket liens on the Receivership's assets, Applicants agreed to hold back twenty percent (20%) of the allowed fees requested with respect to all project codes other than with respect to the fees approved for Otterbourg with respect to certain litigation matters, for which Applicants agreed to hold back five percent (5%) in view of the additional fee accommodation being taken at this time with respect to those project codes<sup>10</sup> (collectively, the "Holdback Amount"). Accordingly, the total Holdback Amount for this Eighteenth Interim Fee Application if the requested fees are approved is \$140,441.86 (\$4,425.76 for the Receiver and \$136,016.10 for Otterbourg). All payments will be made from the Receivership assets.

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, the Receiver and Otterbourg respectfully request that the Court:

(a) grant interim approval of the Receiver's compensation in the amount of \$22,128.80 (the "Allowed Receiver Fees");

No time was spent during this Application Period with respect to those project codes in which Applicants agreed to an additional accommodation.

(b) grant interim approval of Otterbourg's compensation in the amount of

\$680,080.50 (the "Allowed Otterbourg Fees" and, together with the Allowed Receiver Fees, the

"Allowed Fees");

(c) grant interim approval of the Receiver's request for reimbursement of its out-of-

pocket expenses in the amount of \$27.10;

(d) grant interim approval of Otterbourg's request for reimbursement of its out-of-

pocket expenses in the amount of \$11,925.27;

(e) authorize the Receiver to immediately pay to Applicants from the Receivership

assets (i) the Allowed Fees, less the Holdback Amount, plus (ii) 100% of the allowed out-of-

pocket expenses of Applicants; and

(f) grant such other relief as the Court deems appropriate.

Dated: April 5, 2022

Otterbourg P.C.

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On Behalf of Melanie L. Cyganowski, as Receiver,

and Otterbourg P.C., as Counsel to the Receiver